

Supporting Information

Structural Insights into DNA Replication Without Hydrogen-Bonds

Karin Betz,^{†,§} Denis A. Malyshev,^{‡,§} Thomas Lavergne,[‡] Wolfram Welte,[†] Kay Diederichs,[†] Floyd E. Romesberg,^{*,‡} and Andreas Marx^{*,†}

[†]Departments of Chemistry and Biology, Konstanz Research School Chemical Biology, Universität Konstanz, Konstanz, Germany, and
[‡]Department of Chemistry, The Scripps Research Institute, La Jolla, California, 92037 USA

*Corresponding Author: floyd@scripps.edu, *andreas.marx@uni-konstanz.de

[§]These authors contributed equally.

Table of Contents

Sequences of the oligonucleotides:	S2
Crystallization conditions	S2
Figure S1	S3
Figure S2	S4
Figure S3	S5
Figure S4	S6
Table S1 . Summary of data collection and refinement statistics	S7
References	S9

Sequences of the oligonucleotides:

template-I1- 5SICS ,	5'-d(AAC 5SICS GGC GCC GTG GTC)-3'
template-E1- NaM ,	5'-d(AG NaM GCG CCG TGG T)-3'
template-E2- NaM ,	5'-d(TTC NaM GCG CCG TGG C)-3'
template-E2- 5SICS ,	5'-d(TTC 5SICS GCG CCG TGG C)-3'
template-E3- NaM ,	5'-d(TTG NaM GCG CCG TGG T)-3'
primer-I1:	5'-d(GAC CAC GGC GC)-3'
primer-E1:	5'-d(ACC ACG GCG C)-3'
primer-E2:	5'-d(GCC ACG GCG C)-3'
primer-E2- 5SICS :	5'-d(GCC ACG GCG C 5SICS)-3'

Crystallization conditions

KTQ_{d5SICS}: The binary complex **KTQ_{d5SICS}** was obtained by incubating purified KlenTaq with primer-I1/template-I1-**5SICS** and ddCTP in a molar ratio of 1:1.2:5 in the presence of 20 mM MgCl₂. The final concentration of KlenTaq was 5 mg/ml. Setups were made using the sitting drop vapor diffusion method by mixing protein/primer-template/ddCTP and reservoir solution in a 1:1 ratio. Crystals were obtained with the following reservoir solution: 20% PEG 8000, 0.1 M Tris pH 8.0, 0.2 M magnesium formate, 20% glycerol. The N-terminal amino acid 293 and the loop between residues 647 and 659 were not modeled due to disorder.

KTQ_{d5SICS-dNaMTP}: The ternary complex **KTQ_{d5SICS-dNaMTP}** was obtained by incubating KlenTaq with primer-I1/template-I1-**5SICS** and ddCTP in a molar ratio of 1:1.2:2 in the presence of 20 mM MgCl₂. The final concentration of KlenTaq was 6.5 mg/ml. Setups were made using the sitting drop vapor diffusion method by mixing protein/primer-template/ddCTP and reservoir solution in a 1:1 ratio. Crystals were obtained with the following reservoir solution: 15% PEG 8000, 0.1 M Tris pH 8.0, 0.2 M magnesium formate. For soaking, crystals were transferred into a drop containing the same amounts of protein/primer-template/ddCTP and reservoir solution and 2 mM d**NaMTP**. Crystals were soaked for 10 days. Before cryo cooling, crystals were consecutively soaked in reservoir solutions containing 10% and 20% glycerol.

KTQ(E1)_{dNaM-d5SICS}: The binary complex **KTQ(E1)_{dNaM-d5SICS}** was obtained by incubating KlenTaq with primer-E1/template-E1-**NaM** and d**5SICSTP** in a molar ratio of 1:1.2:5 in the presence of 20 mM MgCl₂. Setups were made using the sitting drop vapor diffusion method by mixing KlenTaq/primer-template/d**5SICSTP** and reservoir solution in a 1:1 ratio. The final concentration of KlenTaq was 6.2 mg/ml. Crystals were obtained with the following reservoir solution: 0.2 M ammonium sulfate, 0.1 M MES pH 6.5, 28% PEG 5000MME. Crystals were cryoprotected in reservoir solution containing 20% glycerol before freezing.

KTQ(E2)_{dNaM-d5SICS}: The binary complex **KTQ(E2)_{dNaM-d5SICS}** was obtained by incubating KlenTaq with primer-E2-**5SICS**/template-E2-**NaM** in a molar ratio of 1:1.2 in the presence of 20 mM MgCl₂. Setups were made using the sitting drop vapor diffusion method by mixing KlenTaq/primer-template and reservoir solution in a 1:1 ratio. The final concentration of KlenTaq was 6.2 mg/ml. Crystals were obtained with the following reservoir solution: 0.2 M ammonium sulfate, 0.1M MES pH 6.5, 30% PEG 5000MME.

KTQ(E2)_{d5SICS-dNaM}: The binary complex **KTQ(E2)_{d5SICS-dNaM}** was obtained by incubating KlenTaq with primer-E2/template-E2-**5SICS** and d**NaMTP** in a molar ratio of 1:1.2:5 in the presence of 20 mM MgCl₂. Setups were made using the sitting drop vapor diffusion method mixing KlenTaq/primer-template/d**NaMTP** and reservoir in a 1:1. The final concentration of

KlenTaq was 6.2 mg/ml. Crystals were obtained with the following reservoir solution: 0.2 M ammonium sulfate, 0.1 M MES pH 6.5, 30% PEG 5000MME and 20% glycerol.

KTQ(E3)_{dNaM-d5SICS}: The binary complex KTQ(E3)_{dNaM-d5SICS} was obtained by incubating KlenTaq with primer-E1/template-E3-**NaM** and **d5SICS**TP in a molar ratio of 1:1.5:8 in the presence of 20 mM MgCl₂. Setups were made using the hanging drop vapor diffusion method mixing KlenTaq/primer-template/d**5SICS**TP and reservoir in a 1:1 ratio. The final concentration of KlenTaq was 6.2 mg/ml. Crystals were obtained with the following reservoir solution: 1.2 M lithium sulfate, 2% PEG 1000, 50 mM HEPES pH 7.5.

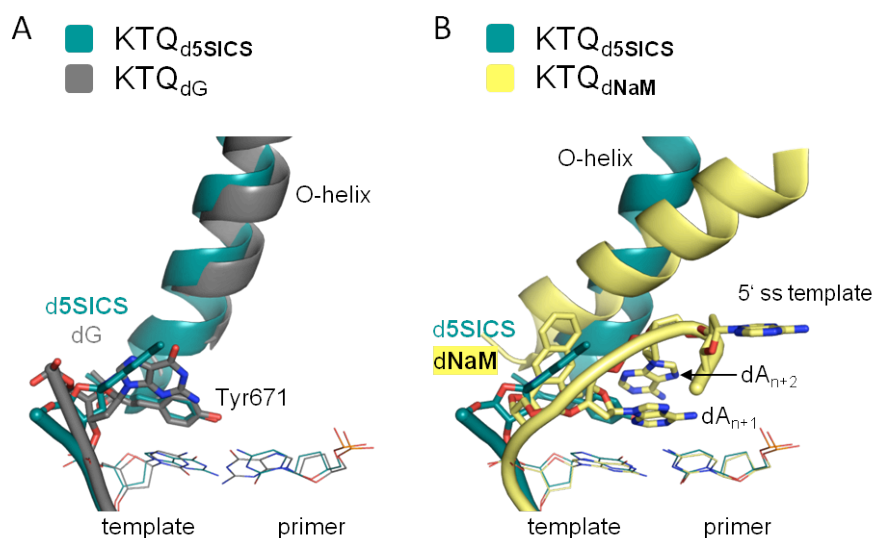


Figure S1.

Comparison of the templating nucleotide and 5' single-stranded template overhang in KTQ_{d5SICS} (turquoise), KTQ_{dG} (grey) and KTQ_{dNaM} (yellow). (A) d5SICS and dG are positioned at a similar extrahelical position and the O-helix is in an open conformation. (B) The 5' single-stranded template overhang in KTQ_{dNaM} is rotated towards the primer/template duplex and dA_{n+1} and dA_{n+2} stack on the last base pair. The O-helix is rotated towards the 5' single stranded template overhang.

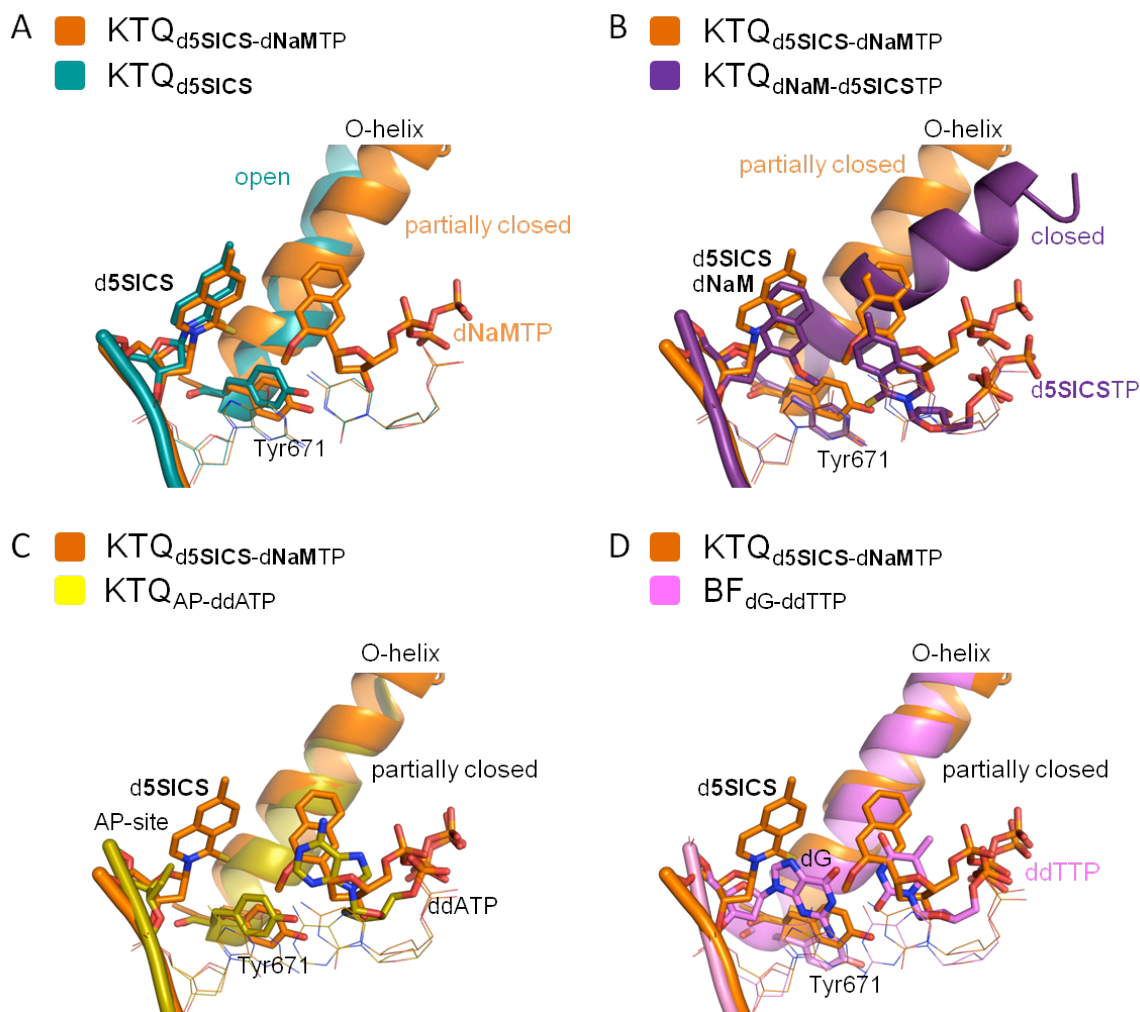


Figure S2.

Comparison of $\text{KTQ}_{\text{d5SICS-dNaMTP}}$ with open, closed, and partially closed polymerase structures, respectively. The templating nucleotide, bound triphosphate, and Tyr671 are shown as sticks, the O-helix is shown as ribbon, and the base pair in the post-insertion site is shown as lines. (A) Superposition of $\text{KTQ}_{\text{d5SICS-dNaMTP}}$ with $\text{KTQ}_{\text{d5SICS}}$. Tyr671 stacks on top of the last base pair in both structures. (B) Superposition of $\text{KTQ}_{\text{d5SICS-dNaMTP}}$ with $\text{KTQ}_{\text{dNaM-d5SICSTP}}$ (PDB ID: 3SV3). In the closed structure the templating nucleotide is moved inwards and displaces Tyr671. (C) Superposition of $\text{KTQ}_{\text{d5SICS-dNaMTP}}$ with KTQ in complex with an AP site in the template and ddATP bound at the O-helix (PDB ID: 3LWL).¹ Both complexes are partially closed and Y671 is in the templating position. (D) Superposition of $\text{KTQ}_{\text{d5SICS-dNaMTP}}$ with the mismatch dG-ddTTP complex of *Bacillus* Fragment (BF) (PDB ID: 3HP6).² Both complexes are partially closed but in $\text{BF}_{\text{dG-ddTTP}}$ Y671 is displaced by the templating dG.

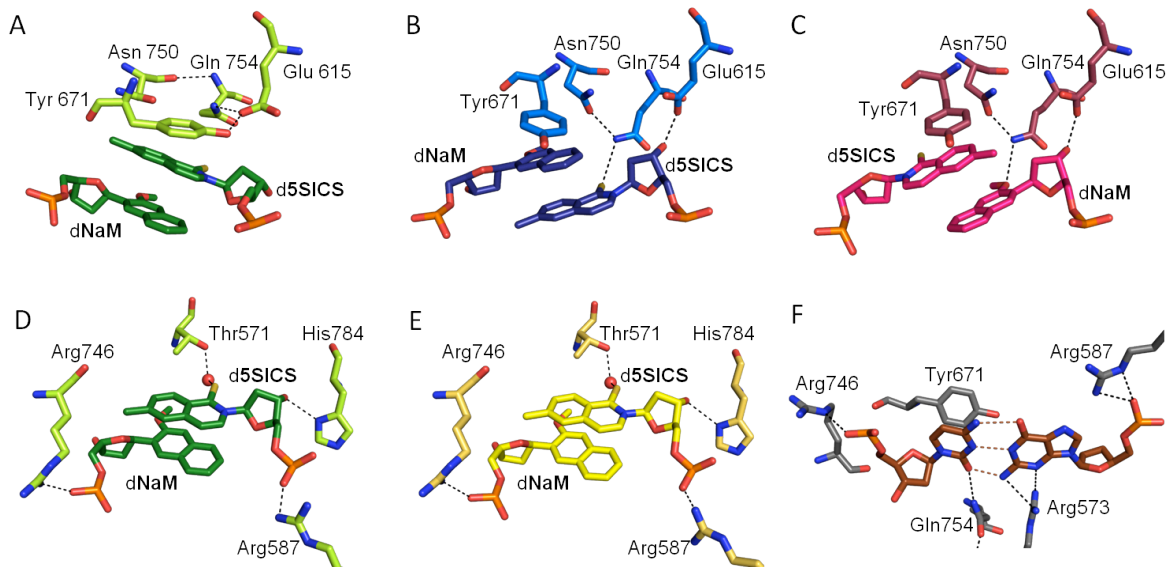


Figure S3.

Interaction networks near the intercalating base pair: (A,D) KTQ(E1)_{dNaM-d5SICS}, (B) KTQ(E2)_{dNaM-d5SICS}, (C) KTQ(E2)_{d5SICS-dNaM}, (E) KTQ(E3)_{dNaM-d5SICS}, (F) KTQ_{dG} (PDB ID: 3SZ2). Protein side chains packing or hydrogen-bonding with the unnatural base pair in the post-insertion site are shown as sticks and are labeled. Hydrogen-bonds are shown as black dashes. Watson-Crick hydrogen bonds in the natural dC-ddG pair are shown in brown.

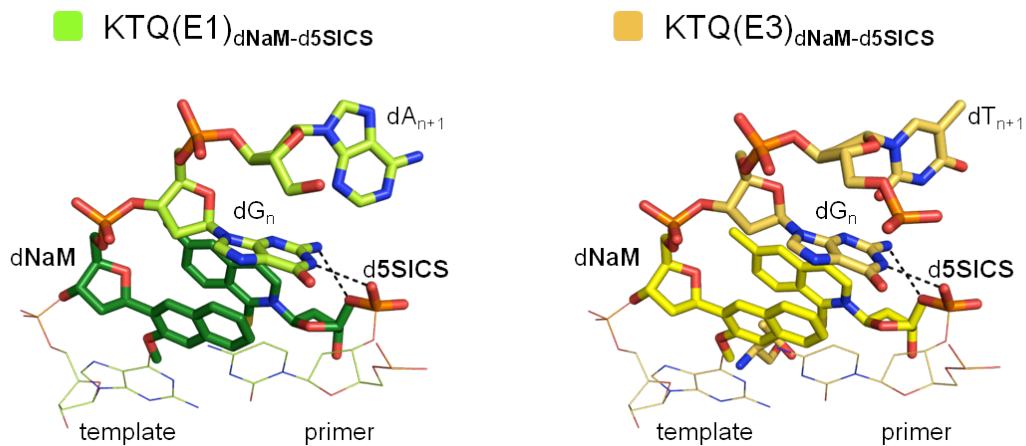


Figure S4.

Interaction of the 5' single stranded dG_n template nucleotide and the primer terminus in KTQ(E1)_{dNaM-d5SICS} and KTQ(E3)_{dNaM-d5SICS}.

Table S1. Summary of data collection and refinement statistics

	KTQ _{d5SICS}	KTQ _{d5SICS-dNaMTP}	KTQ(E1) _{dNaM-d5SICS}
PDB ID	4CCH	4C8K	4C8L
Data collection			
Wavelength (Å)	1.0000	0.99987	1.0000
Space group	P3 ₁ 21	P3 ₁ 21	C222 ₁
<u>Cell dimensions</u>			
<i>a</i> , <i>b</i> , <i>c</i> (Å)	114.3, 114.3, 91.6	115.0, 115.0, 91.0	65.6, 100.5, 204.3
α , β , γ (°)	90, 90, 120	90, 90, 120	90, 90, 90
Resolution (Å) ^a	49.5-2.55 (2.7-2.55)*	48.6-2.16 (2.29-2.16)*	48.8-1.70 (1.80-1.70)*
Total reflections	205511 (25923)	227942 (14630)	492762 (76284)
Unique reflections	22906 (3650)	34375(3094)	74923 (11845)
R _{meas} (%) ^b	20.4 (144.2)	9.5 (217.4)	10.6 (275.8)
<i>I</i> / σ <i>I</i>	9.16 (0.65)	14.44(0.47)	11.57 (0.85)
Completeness (%)	99.9 (99.7)	91.1 (51.2)	99.7 (98.6)
Redundancy	9.0 (7.1)	6.6 (4.7)	6.6 (6.4)
CC _{1/2} ¹ (%)	99.2 (52.3)	99.8 (47.8)	99.9 (49.2)
Refinement			
Resolution (Å)	43.5-2.55	48.6-2.17	48.4-1.70
No. reflections	43559	33357	74501
R _{work} /R _{free}	20.7/26.1	18.1/22.1	18.9/21.4
Coordinate error (Å) ^c	0.42	0.25	0.37
<u>No. atoms</u>			
Protein	8458	8650	8698
DNA/triphosphate	795	826/49	772
Water	116	138	274
<u>B-factors</u>			
Protein	66.8	56.6	51.0
DNA/triphosphate	52.0	50.3/77.4	50.6
Water	38.3	45.6	43.4
<u>R.m.s deviations</u>			
Bond lengths (Å)	0.005	0.007	0.011
Bond angles (°)	0.770	0.870	1.239
<u>Ramachandran^d (%)</u>			
Favored	95.04	97.77	97.23
Allowed	4.58	2.04	2.77
Outlier	0.38	0.19	0.00

Table S1, continued.

	KTQ(E2) _{dNaM-d5SICS}	KTQ(E2) _{d5SICS-dNaM}	KTQ(E3) _{dNaM-d5SICS}
PDB ID	4C8O	4C8M	4C8N
Data collection			
Wavelength (Å)	1.00001	1.0000	0.97793
Space group	C222 ₁	C222 ₁	C222 ₁
<u>Cell dimensions</u>			
<i>a</i> , <i>b</i> , <i>c</i> (Å)	64.8, 99.2, 203.6	65.4, 101.5, 204.5	65.6, 101.1, 204.3
α , β , γ (°)	90, 90, 90	90, 90, 90	90, 90, 90
Resolution (Å) ^a	48.2-1.75 (1.86-1.75) *	49.2-1.57 (1.66-1.57) *	49.1-1.88 (1.99-1.88) *
Total reflections	439052 (70744)	577762 (53959)	361542 (48980)
Unique reflections	66214 (10539)	94841 (14820)	55373 (8568)
R _{meas} (%) ^b	6.5 (216.4)	6.2 (155.1)	13.1 (200.5)
<i>I</i> / σ <i>I</i>	17.73 (0.99)	13.48 (0.78)	9.1 (0.80)
Completeness (%)	99.6 (99.2)	99.5 (97.1)	99.4 (96.6)
Redundancy	6.6 (6.7)	6.1 (3.6)	6.5 (5.7)
CC _{1/2} ³ (%)	100.0 (52.7)	99.9 (53.1)	99.8 (47.6)
Refinement			
Resolution (Å)	47.9-1.75	49.3-1.57	49.1-1.88
No. reflections	66155	94768	55305
R _{work} /R _{free}	18.5/21.2	17.9/20.7	19.6/23.2
Coordinate error (Å) ^c	0.28	0.28	0.34
<u>No. atoms</u>			
Protein	8680	8728	8657
DNA	739	770	774
Water	230	338	203
<u>B-factors</u>			
Protein	57.7	49.0	51.7
DNA	71.5	64.9	50.0
Water	49.3	46.2	43.5
<u>R.m.s deviations</u>			
Bond lengths (Å)	0.005	0.011	0.007
Bond angles (°)	0.964	1.283	1.062
<u>Ramachandran^d (%)</u>			
Favored	97.97	98.35	98.14
Allowed	1.84	1.28	1.48
Outlier	0.18	0.37	0.37

* Numbers in brackets refer to the highest resolution shell.

^a Resolution value of the structures 4CCH, 4C8K, 4C8L, 4C8O, 4C8M and 4C8N at which *I*/ σ = 2 is 2.90 Å, 2.28Å, 1.85Å, 1.90Å, 1.70Å and 2.05Å, respectively.

^b for definition of R_{meas}, see Diederichs & Karplus, 1997⁴

^c maximum likelihood based (as determined by PHENIX⁵)

^d as determined by MolProbity⁶

References

- (1) Obeid, S.; Blattner, N.; Kranaster, R.; Schnur, A.; Diederichs, K.; Welte, W.; Marx, A. *EMBO J.* **2010**, *29*, 1738-1747.
- (2) Wu, E. Y.; Beese, L. S. *J. Biol. Chem.* **2011**, *286*, 19758-19767.
- (3) Karplus, P. A.; Diederichs, K. *Science* **2012**, *336*, 1030-1033.
- (4) Diederichs, K.; Karplus, P. A. *Nat. Struct. Biol.* **1997**, *4*, 269-275.
- (5) Adams, P. D., *et al.* *Acta Crystallogr., Sect. D Biol. Crystallogr.* **2010**, *66*, 213-221.
- (6) Davis, I. W.; Leaver-Fay, A.; Chen, V. B.; Block, J. N.; Kapral, G. J.; Wang, X.; Murray, L. W.; Arendall, W. B., 3rd; Snoeyink, J.; Richardson, J. S.; Richardson, D. C. *Nucleic Acids Res.* **2007**, *35*, W375-383.